# DEMOCRACY EDUCATION IN SCHOOL

DIANA RYCHLIK,

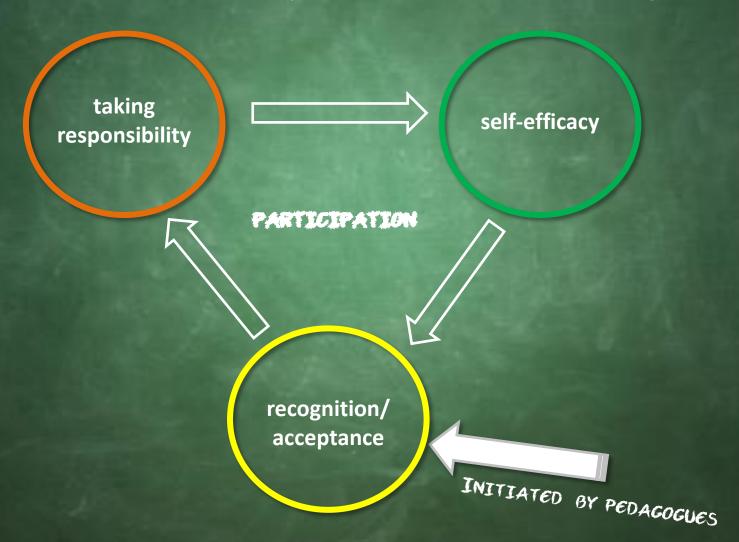
DEUTSCHE GESELLSCHAFT FÜR DEMOKRATIEPÄDAGOGIK E.V. (DEGEDE)

# PARTICIPATION

#### definition:

- decision taking
- having access to decision taking processes
- requires a structure which is open for change
- from an integrative point of view: taking into account marginalized groups

# PROCESS MARKERS OF DEMOCRACY EDUCATION (BY W. EDELSTEIN)



# THREE FORMS OF DEMOCRACY - GERHARD HIMMELMANN (2004)

#### Democracy as a form of living

solving problems and conflicts, finding solutions and learning strategies, discussing subject contents

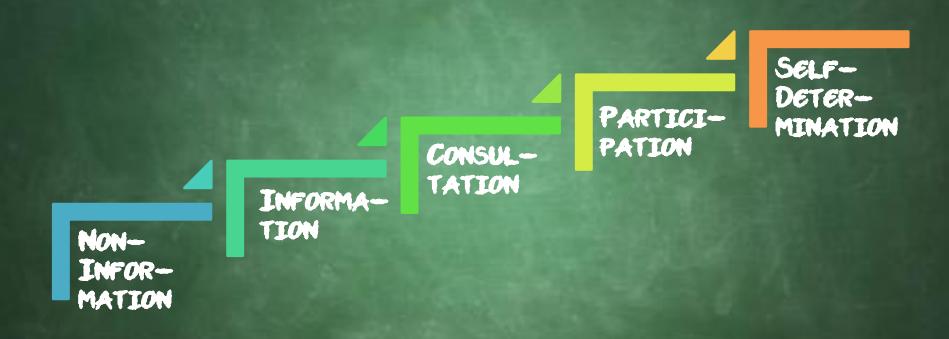
#### Democracy as a form of governance

elections and delegations, pluralism, public affairs, conflicts, civil society

#### **Democracy as a form of society**

projects that take responsibility, politics, power relations, human rights, rights and decision taking processes

# THE LEVELS OF PARTICIPATION



Freely adapted by Deutsche Gesellschaft für Demokratiepädagogik e.V. from: Gernert, W. (1993): Jugendhilfe – Einführung in die sozialpädagogische Praxis, München u. Basel

# THE LADDER OF PARTICIPATION

youth-initiated, shared decisions with adults youth-initiated, self-directed adult-initiated, shared decisions with youth consulted and informed assigned but informed tokenism/"alibi" participation decoration

Freely adapted from:

manipulation

Hart, Roger (1997): Children's participation. The theory and practice of involving young citizens in community development and environmental care. Reprinted. New York

# CRITERIA FOR SUCESSFUL PARTICIPATION IN SCHOOL

- Real consequences for real problems → no alibi-participation
- Transparency about participation possibilities
- Continuity.
- Projects/actions suit into social context of the school There is a structural frame for participation processes.
- Freedom to be against something and to express it and take action to change it – The school is open to discourse.
- Students are confronted with issues that demand action taking.
- Balanced importance of solutions and process.
- Acceptance and recognition as well as a feedback culture is an integral part of the school culture.
- Controversial thinking is supported.
- tbc...

# student body

- communication platforms (bulletin boards, blogs), social media groups
- mail boxes for student's issues, topics to discuss
- open student body for unelected but active students
- events
- support by teachers or social workers

- student-teacher evening (additional to parentteacher evening)
- assemblies (class council, student council, girl's circle, boy's circle, teacher conference, student assembly, school conference, gerenal assembly)
- "Just Community"

- communication and transparency about selfdetermination and participation instruments
- combining learning fields:
- e.g. discussion panels, voting procedures
- project planing in different subjects
- creating a design for the schoolyard in art class
- forms of self-guidance in class

- measures against discrimination workshops, project days with a focal point on antidiscrimination, anti-racism, -sexism i.e.
- empowerment groups, e.g. for girls, for queer youth, for students with special needs; creating safer spaces, student-initiated project groups
- school press, student magazine, student-blog

### Sources

- Althof, W./Stadelmann, T. (2010). Demokratische Schulgemeinschaft. In: Edelstein, W./ Frank, S./Sliwka, A. (Hrsg.). Praxisbuch Demokratiepädagogik. Weinheim und Basel: Beltz, S. 20-53
- Becker, H. (2014): Partizipation von Schülerinnen und Schülern im GanzTag. Der GanzTag in NRW. Beiträge zur Qualitätsentwicklung, Heft 27. Münster.
- Edelstein, Wolfgang (2007). Erziehung zu Demokratie und Verantwortung.
  Einführungsvortrag zum Workshop "Demokratische Schule Schule in der Demokratie",
  Heinrich-Böll-Stiftung, Berlin, 5. December 2007.
- Gernert, W. (1993): Jugendhilfe Einführung in die sozialpädagogische Praxis, München/ Basel.
- Hart, Roger (1997): Children's participation. The theory and practice of involving young citizens in community development and environmental care. Reprinted. New York.
- Gerhard Himmelmann (2004): Demokratie-Lernen: Was? Warum? Wozu? Hg. v.
  Wolfgang Edelstein, Peter Fauser (Beiträge zur Demokratiepädagogik Eine Schriftenreihe des BLK-Programms "Demokratie lernen & leben").
- Kahn, Ulrike (2015): Klassenrat Herzstück einer demokratischen Schule. Eine Einführung für Pädagog\_innen. With contributions of: Marcel Bonsen, Julian Knop, Georg Mastritsch, Christa Schäfer. Berlin, Jena: Förderverein Demokratisch Handeln e.V.